Tribhuwan University Institute of Science and Technology 2070

Bachelor Level / first-semester / Science Full marks: 80 **Computer Science and Information Technology(MTH112)** Pass marks: 32 (Mathematics I (Calculus)) Time: 3 hours Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable. The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Attempt all questions.

Group A (10×2=20)

1. Define odd and even function, with example.

2. Show that the series

 $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n 5}{4^n} = -\frac{5}{4} + \frac{5}{16} - \frac{5}{64} + \cdots \dots$ Converges to -1.

(2n!)

3. Test the convergence of the series $\pi!n!$

4. Find the eccentricity of the curve $2x^2 + y^2 = 4$.

5. Find the angle between the planes 3x - 6y - 2z = 15 and 2x + y - 2z = 5

6. Find the velocity and acceleration of a particle whose position is

$$j(t) = (t+1)\vec{l} + (t^2-1)\vec{j}$$
, at $t = 1$ 7. Evaluate $\int_{\pi}^{2\pi} \int_{\infty}^{\pi} (sinx + cosy) dx dy$.

8. Find the Jacobean j(u,v,w) if x=u+v, y=2 u,z=3w.

9. Show that $y = x^2 + 5$ is the solution of $\frac{dy}{dx} = 2x$

10.Find $\frac{df}{dx}$ and $\frac{df}{dy}$ at (1,2) of f(x, y) = x² + 2xy + 5.

Group B (5×4=20)

11. State Rolles's theorem and verify it for the function f(x) = sinx in $[0, \pi]$.

12. Find the Taylors series and the Taylor polynomials generated by $f(x) = e^{x} at x = 0$.

13. Find the length of the cardioids $r = 1 + \cos\theta$.

14. Find the gradient vector of f(x,y) at a point P(x₀, y₀). Find an equation for the tangent to the ellipse $x^2 + 4y^2 = 4$ at point (-2,1).

$$y^2 z \frac{dz}{dx} - x^2 z \frac{dz}{dy} = x y^2$$

15. Find the general solution of

Group C (5×8=40)

16. Find the area of the region bounded by $x = 2y^2$., x = 0 and y = 3.

 $(a) \int_{\infty}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{1+x^2} \qquad (b) \int_{0}^{2} \frac{dx}{1-x}$ (b) $\int_{0}^{2} \frac{dx}{1-x}$ 17. Find the torsion ,normal and curvature for the space curve $\vec{r}(t) = (2\cos t)\vec{l} + (3\sin t)\vec{j} + t\vec{k}$

$$18.\text{Evaluate} : \int_1^1 \int_0^{\sqrt{1-x^2}} dy dx.$$

19. Find the local maximum , minimum and saddles point of $6x^2 - 2x^3 + 3y^2 + 6xy$.

OR

Find the greatest and smallest values that the function f(x,y) = xy takes on the ellipse $\frac{x^2}{8} - \frac{y^2}{2} = 1.$ 20. Define the wave equation by the modeling of vibrating string.