Tribhuwan University Institute of Science and Technology 2075(Old Course)

Full marks: 60

Pass marks: 24

Bachelor Level / third-semester / Science Computer Science and Information Technology(CSC209)

Time: 3 hours (Computer Graphics)

Candidates are required to give their answers in their own words as far as practicable.

The figures in the margin indicate full marks.

Attempt all the questions: $(6 \times 10 = 60)$

- 1. Differentiate between parallel and perspective protection.
- 2. Compare and contrast between Gouraud and phong shading model.
- 3. After rotating a triangle with vertex A(0, 0), B(1, 7), C(9, 2)in 60 degree anticlockwise about point (10, 10) what will be the new vertex values?
- 4. How would you reflect an object about a line y = 4x? Explain the steps with the matrices.
- 5. How can a circle be scan converted using the mid point approach? How can the same goal be achieved if the starting point is (r, 0) and moving in the anti clockwise direction.
- 6. What are the key issues prevalent in producing a Virtual reality scene? Explain different hardware and software used for this purpose.
- 7. How would you digitize a line with end points A(6, 12) and B(10, 5) using Bresenham's line drawing algorithm?
- 8. On an average it takes 20 nano seconds for a Raster Graphics system to access the pixel value from the frame buffer and glow the phosphor dot on the screen. If the total resolution of the screen is 640 x 480 will this access rate produce a flickering effect?

Digitize the octant of the circle with radius r = 7 and center (20, 30).

- 9. What is the differences between a window and a viewport? Why is required to map an object from a window to a viewport? Explain
- 10. What is the significance of vanishing points in perspective Projection? Explain how Z- Buffer algorithm is used for visible surface detection.

OR

Explain boundary representations techniques to represent the 3D object with suitable example.